RioTinto





Cautionary statement

This presentation has been prepared by Rio Tinto plc and Rio Tinto Limited ("Rio Tinto"). By accessing/attending this presentation you acknowledge that you have read and understood the following statement.

Forward-looking statements

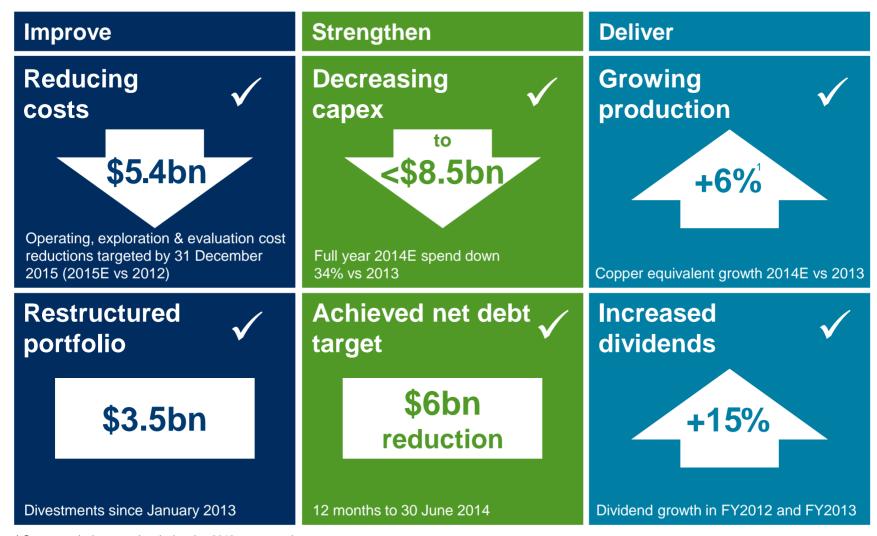
This document contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of the Rio Tinto Group. These statements are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the US Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the US Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The words "intend", "aim", "project", "anticipate", "estimate", "plan", "believes", "expects", "may", "should", "will", "target", "set to" or similar expressions, commonly identify such forward-looking statements.

Examples of forward-looking statements include those regarding estimated ore reserves, anticipated production or construction dates, costs, outputs and productive lives of assets or similar factors. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors set forth in this presentation that are beyond the Rio Tinto Group's control.

For example, future ore reserves will be based in part on market prices that may vary significantly from current levels. These may materially affect the timing and feasibility of particular developments. Other factors include the ability to produce and transport products profitably, demand for our products, changes to the assumptions regarding the recoverable value of our tangible and intangible assets, the effect of foreign currency exchange rates on market prices and operating costs, and activities by governmental authorities, such as changes in taxation or regulation, and political uncertainty.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, actual results could be materially different from projected future results expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements which speak only as to the date of this presentation. Except as required by applicable regulations or by law, the Rio Tinto Group does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information or future events. The Group cannot guarantee that its forward-looking statements will not differ materially from actual results. In this presentation all figures are US dollars unless stated otherwise.

Delivering on our promises



¹ Copper equivalent growth calculated at 2013 constant prices.



Our commitment to shareholders

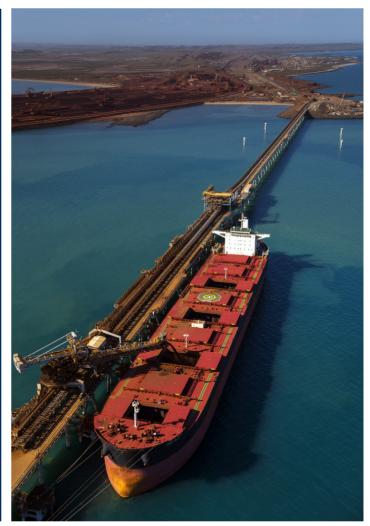
To deliver industry-leading, sustainable shareholder returns through the cycle from our:

Tier 1 assets

Disciplined allocation of capital

Operating and commercial excellence

Culture of safety and integrity



Cape Lambert, Pilbara

Safety is fundamental to our business

Injury frequency rates

Per 200,000 hours worked





Kestrel mine rescue team training



Succeeding in a challenging market

Long-life, low-cost and expandable assets

Strong cash flow generation throughout the cycle from our key commodities

Commercial excellence

Strong customer relationships, high quality benchmark products, technical marketing and value-in-use pricing

Operating excellence

Leadership in technology and productivity drives a sustainable and competitive cost position

Strong and efficient balance sheet

Sustainable shareholder returns and value-adding growth

Transformed Energy business, well positioned to meet growing demand from Asia

Markets at cyclical low but Asian electricity demand growth underpins recovery

Operations and marketing excellence delivering on volume, cost and price to maintain positive margins

High-quality resource bases provide options for the future

Leveraging our premium position in the Hunter Valley through further network productivity, low-cost expansions and synergies



Mount Thorley Warkworth, New South Wales



Delivering significant value through technology & innovation

Delivering high-quality investment options from reduced spend

Embedding the Pilbara's sector-leading project capability across the Group

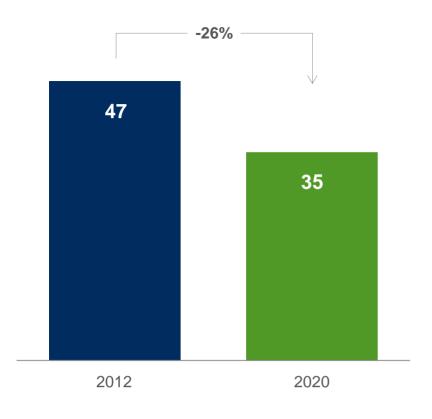
Relentless pursuit of productivity gains

Rolling out proven technology & productivity platforms across the Group

Continue to lead the industry in step-change innovations

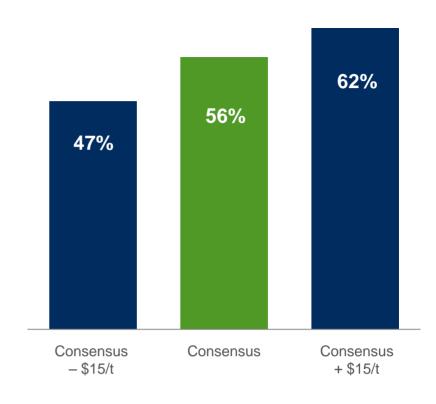
Pilbara 360: ~40% IRR and five-year payback¹

Our sustainable cost advantage... Rio Tinto Pilbara unit cost (US\$/wmt CFR North China)²



...generates robust long-term returns

Rio Tinto Pilbara EBITDA margin avg. 2015-193



¹Estimate based on Rio Tinto estimates and based on actual expected capital cost of the Pilbara 360 project.

³Projected EBITDA margins at consensus prices for 2015-2019. All references to EBITDA margins are based on Rio Tinto's own production forecasts which may include production in future years from projects which are yet to be approved.



²Unit costs include shipping, royalties and sustaining capex, excluding sustaining mines. 2012 actuals against 2020 target is in real 2012 US\$ and includes adjustments for inflation and exchange rates.

Compelling project pipeline beyond iron ore

	Titanium	Diamonds	Bauxite	Energy	Copper
Near-term pipeline	Zulti South	Diavik A21	South of Embley	Mount Pleasant	Oyu Tolgoi Phase 2
Project status	Feasibility study	Approved	Feasibility study	PFS	Feasibility study
Expected cash cost position	Q1	n/a	Q1	Q1	Q2
Expected first production	2017	2018	2018	2019	2019+

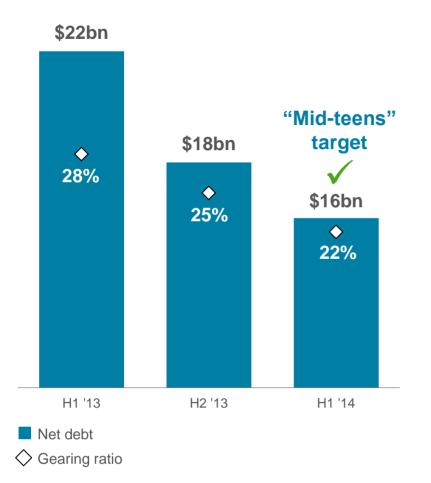


The Rio Tinto value proposition



Balance sheet strength and flexibility

Net debt target achieved



- Maintaining a strong balance sheet amid challenging market conditions
- Targeting 20-30 per cent gearing ratio through the cycle¹
- Ratio expected to remain at the lower end of the range in the near term
- Balance sheet headroom a key competitive advantage

¹ Gearing ratio = net debt/ (net debt + book equity).



Our capital allocation framework maximises shareholder value

1. Essential sustaining capex

2. Progressive dividends

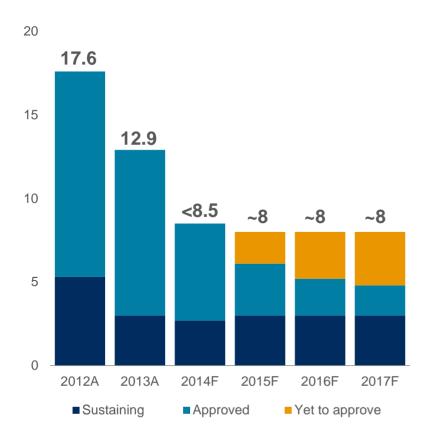
3. Iterative cycle of



Focus on capital efficiency

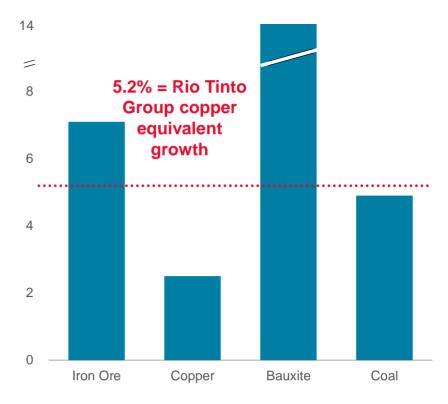
Capital discipline...

Capital expenditure profile (US\$ billion)



...delivers measured growth

2013-19 production growth¹ (projected CAGR percentage)



Note: 2013 production data excludes assets that have been divested.

¹ Copper equivalent growth calculated at 2013 constant prices and based on Rio Tinto's own production forecasts which includes production in future years from projects which are yet to be approved.



The Rio Tinto value proposition



RioTinto

The world's best iron ore business



Our iron ore business is a compelling value proposition

World-class assets, seamless supply chain, unencumbered optionality



Premium product suite, strong customer relationships, technical marketing expertise



Industry-leading margins, supported by automation, innovation and technology



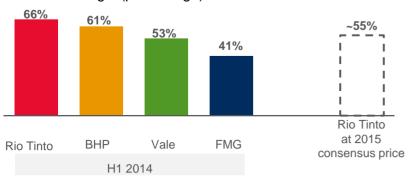


Rio Tinto is maximising sustainable shareholder value

Pilbara - the world's best iron ore business

Industry-leading returns...

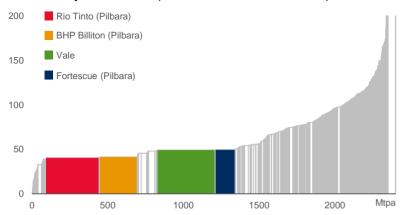
EBITDA margin (percentage)



Source: Rio Tinto; BHPB; Vale and FMG financial statements.

...supported by industry-leading cost position

2020 industry cost curve (Real 2013 US\$/wmt CFR)



Rio Tinto, Wood Mackenzie. Note: Includes shipping and sustaining capital expenditure, taxes and royalties and is adjusted for inflation and exchange rates.

- Total supply chain competence to seamlessly deliver a future 1 Mt/day
- Industry-leading EBITDA margins to continue
- Technology and innovation leadership
- Sufficient resources to sustain industry reference Pilbara Blend products
- Expected to remain the lowest cost major producer
- Anticipate a unit cost of around US\$35/t by 2020
- Experienced executive management team creates and drives value

Value maximisation continues through 360 Mt/a completion and moving into production

Expecting 220 – 360 Mt/a delivered at an industry leading capital intensity of ~US\$110-120/t (100% basis)

360 Mt/a infrastructure programme is ~75% complete and on nominated schedule for H1 2015

~40 Mt/a of low-cost, brownfields growth approved and in implementation at a capital intensity of ~\$9/t

On track for delivering 330 Mt in 2015 and 350 Mt by 2017

Silvergrass investment decision able to be deferred until 3Q 2015 at the earliest



Cape Lambert car dumper



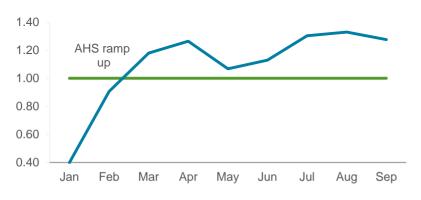
Cape Lambert shiploader



Leveraging innovation and technology to drive productivity and cost leadership

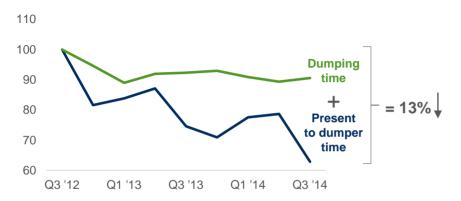
Hope downs 4 - AHS haul truck productivity

Tonnes / hour indexed relative to best manned site



Parker Point dumping cycle times

Index relative to third quarter 2012



Autonomous trucks

- Improved safety, cycle time and utilisation
- At Hope Downs 4 AHS:
 - is exceeding manned effective utilisation by ~14%; and
 - decreasing load and haul operating costs by ~13%

Low cost improvement - Parker Point

- 20% increase in dumper capacity through:
 - Improved presentation and dumping times = 13% reduction in time taken to unload trains; and
 - Increased dumping rates

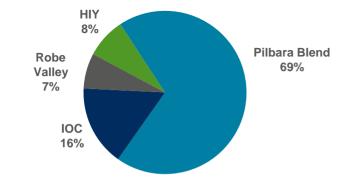
\$20.4 cash unit cost for 1H 2014



Focusing on our customers and optimising our resource base

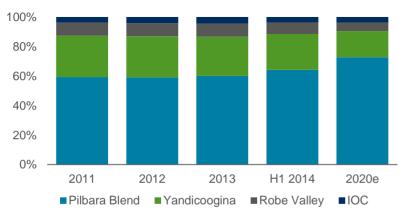
Product aligned to our reserves

Percentage of Rio Tinto 2013 Ore Reserves



Optimising the value of our growth

Percentage of annualised sales by product



- Expansion focused on our industry reference Pilbara Blend products
- Pilbara Blend offers customers long-term, reliable, consistent product quality
- Value-maximising mix, aligned to customer needs and our resource base
- Sequencing and blending optimises the total system
- Ore Reserves base supports a sustainable product suite
- Optimising our market placement through segmentation

Source (top chart): Rio Tinto 2013 Ore Reserves Statement.

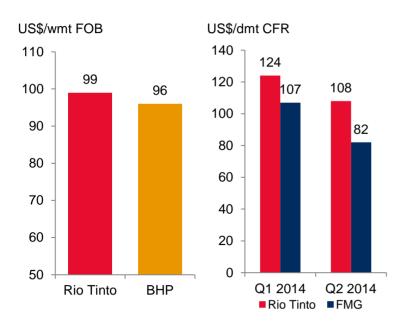
Source (bottom chart): Historical shipments and 2020 production plan.



Capturing full value from our product suite and marketing expertise

- Higher average FOB price than other Pilbara producers in H1 2014
- Pilbara Blend Fines spot sales consistently achieve a premium over the Platts 62% Fe index

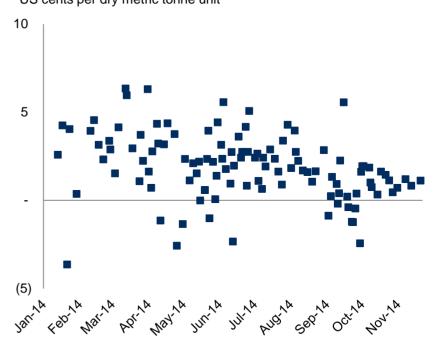
Comparative average price performance H1 2014



BHP: As per BHP Billiton Operational Review for the year ended 30 June 2014

FMG: As per FMG Q1 and Q2 2014 Quarterly Reports

Rio Tinto: FOB revenue has been grossed up for 100% CFR comparison purposes Freight assumption uses the average of the Baltic Capesize Index C5. Moisture assumption of 8% PBF spot premiums relative to Platts 62% Fe index US cents per dry metric tonne unit





Significant shareholder value generated through the cycle

World-class, fully integrated system with unencumbered optionality

Silvergrass deferred in favour of capital efficient options – maintains 330 Mt in 2015 and 350 Mt in 2017

Pilbara Blend is the reference for 62% Fe indices and able to be sustained

Marketing expertise captures full value from our products and resources

Powerful first-mover application of technology and innovation

\$20.4/t unit cash cost and goal to remain Pilbara's lowest cost producer

4 December 2014 London

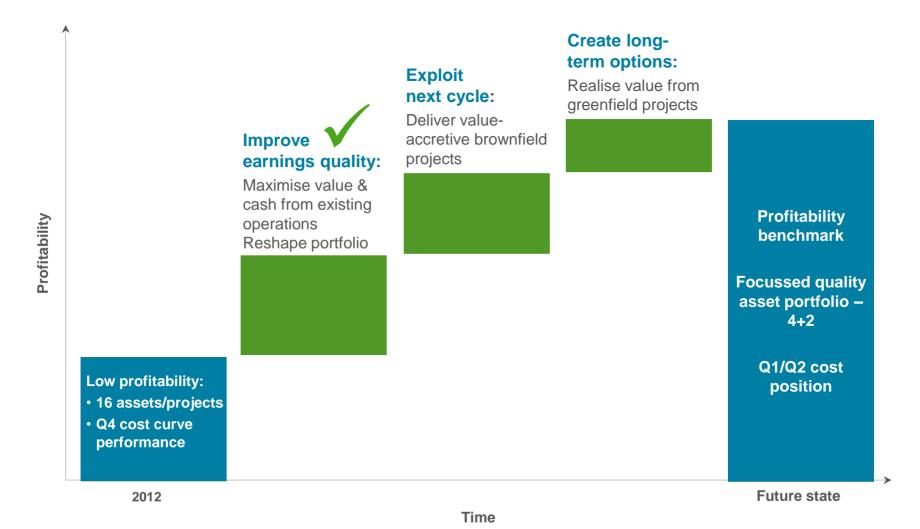
RioTinto

Creating a leading copper business

Jean-Sébastien Jacques, chief executive, Copper

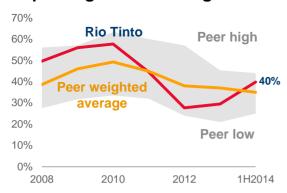


A clear strategy to become a benchmark for profitability in the copper industry



Delivering results: operating & commercial excellence drives earnings quality

Improving EBITDA margin



Note: Peers include BHP, Antofagasta, Anglo-American, Freeport, Codelco & Glencore. Taken from publicly available information and includes adjustments to reported performance to make comparable.

Improving cost competitiveness



Source: Wood Mackenzie, Rio Tinto Copper. Copper equivalent cost curve (CuEq costs vs Cu production) – Cost includes sustaining capex and royalties. Rio Tinto assets are indicative average cost estimates



Reducing costs



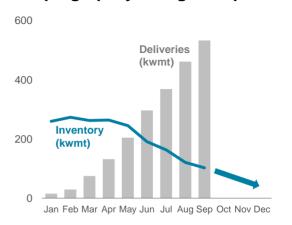
since 2012

Refocusing portfolio

\$1.8bn

proceeds in 2013 + divested **Sulawesi** & exited **Pebble** in 2014

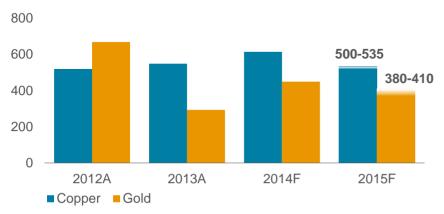
Ramping up Oyu Tolgoi shipments



Production and market outlook

Copper production profile - Rio Tinto share

2012–2015 production profile (Kt Mined Cu/Koz Au)

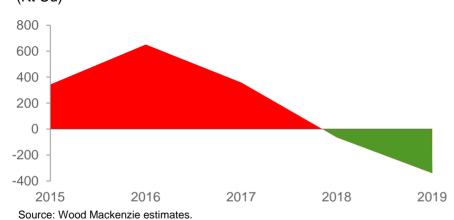


Excludes Palabora from July 2013 & excludes Northparkes from January 2014.

2015 production guidance

- Kennecott Utah Copper expected to be impacted by management of geotechnical risks to protect wall stability
- Assumes Oyu Tolgoi open pit operating at nameplate capacity

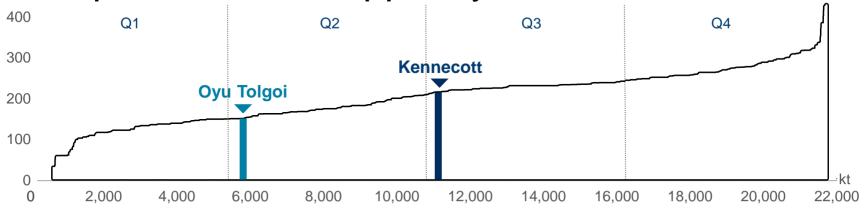
Refined copper supply / demand balance (Kt Cu)



Market outlook

- Notional copper market surplus could put pressure on 2015 prices
- Strong long-term fundamentals

Deliver value-accretive brownfield growth projects to exploit the next copper cycle



Source: Wood Mackenzie, Rio Tinto Copper. 2018 copper equivalent cost curve (CuEq costs vs. Cu production) – Cost includes sustaining capex and royalties. Oyu Tolgoi and Kennecott are indicative average cost estimates.

Oyu Tolgoi Underground

- OT Hugo Dummett Underground Probable Mineral Reserves of 499Mt @ 1.66% Cu^{1, 4}
- · World-class resource: 80% of value in underground
- Technical report issued by Turquoise Hill Resources in October 2014
- Expected capex \$4.9 billion²
- · Discussions with Government of Mongolia ongoing

Kennecott Utah Copper South Pushback

- Bingham Canyon Open Pit Total Proved & Probable Reserves of 748Mt @ 0.47% Cu^{3, 4}
- Reserve includes Cornerstone south wall pushback of 515
 Mt of 0.79% Cu Eq. ore
- Maintain production profile to exploit next market cycle post 2018
- · Final funding decision in H1 2015

⁴ Rio Tinto is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects these reserves estimates, and confirms that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The form and context in which the competent persons' findings are presented have not been materially modified.



¹ Turquoise Hill Resources Ltd 2014-10-27 Oyu Tolgoi Technical Report. Mineral Reserves are derived using \$/T NSR – details supplied in the 2014 Oyu Tolgoi Technical Report available on Turquoise Hill Resources Ltd's website at http://www.turquoisehill.com/i/pdf/2014-10-27 OyuTolgoiTechReport.pdf. This report was prepared by B Peters FAusIMM employed by OreWin Pty Ltd, based on ore reserves estimated by J Dudley MAusIMM(CP), a Competent Person.

² Source: Turquoise Hill Resources Ltd. Oyu Tolgoi Technical Report, Oct. 2014 (excludes power station & capital already spent in 2013 & 2014).

³ JORC compliant reserves taken from Rio Tinto 2013 Annual Report dated 5 March 2014 and released to ASX on 14 March 2014. The Competent Person responsible for that previous reporting was J Vickery AuslMM.

Create future options with world-class greenfield projects in low-risk jurisdictions

Resolution

- Inferred Mineral Resource of 1,737Mt @ 1.52% Cu¹
- Potential long life (> 40 y) high production operation
- Permitting underway
- First shaft completed





La Granja

- Indicated Resource of 100 Mt @ 0.89% Cu and inferred Resource of 4,290Mt @ 0.51% Cu¹
- Potential long life (>50y) high production operation
- Reshaping underway

Note: Mineral Reserves are derived using \$/T NSR - details supplied in the Rio Tinto 2013 Annual Report, Mineral Resources are reported using a Cu COG



¹ JORC compliant resource taken from Rio Tinto 2013 Annual Report dated 5 March 2014 and released to ASX on 14 March 2014. The Competent Persons responsible for that previous reporting were P Salazar AuslMM (La Granja) and C Hehnke AuslMM (Resolution). Rio Tinto is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects these resource estimates, and confirms that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The form and context in which the competent persons' findings are presented have not been materially modified.

A clear strategy to create long-term value

Four key operating assets





Oyu Tolgoi



Kennecott



Escondida

Grasberg

Two greenfield options





La Granja

Resolution

Strong long-term fundamentals despite short-term volatility

Focus on safety

Trusted partner

Clear strategy to deliver sustainable value:

- Maximise value from existing operations
- Deliver brownfield growth projects to leverage the next copper cycle
- Progress future world-class greenfield growth options

RioTinto

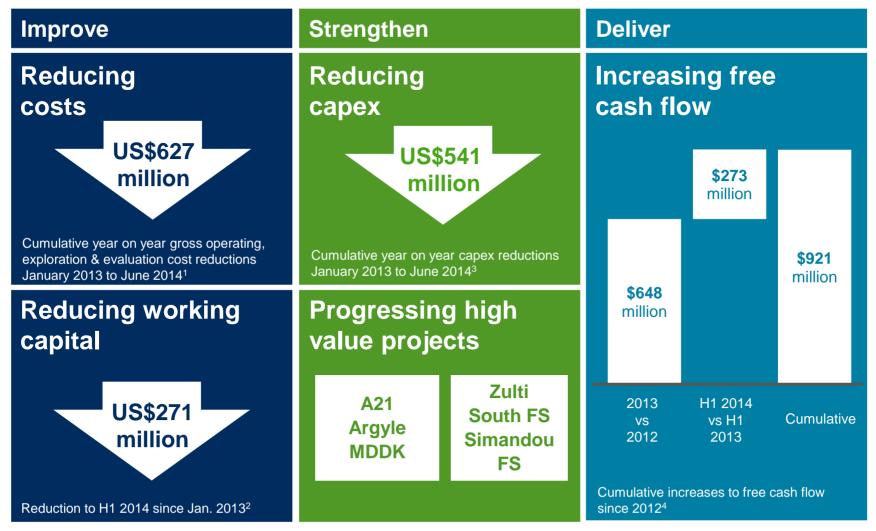
Well positioned for consumer

driven growth

Alan Davies, chief executive, Diamonds & Minerals



Delivering on our promises

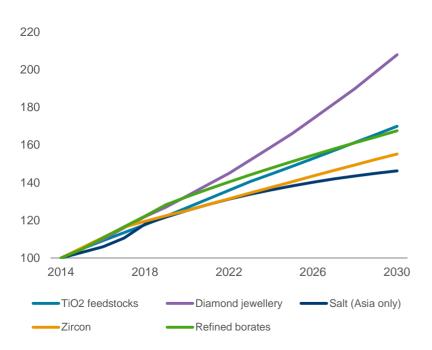


¹FY 2013 vs FY 2012 and H1 2014 vs H1 2013 gross operating, exploration and evaluation cost reductions. Excludes Simandou and includes volume impacts. ²Reported December 2012 trade working capital vs reported June 2014 trade working capital. Excludes Simandou. ³FY 2013 vs FY 2012 and H1 2014 vs H1 2013 reductions in capital expenditure. Excludes Simandou, includes EAU capex. ⁴FY 2013 vs FY 2012 and H1 2014 vs H1 2013 increases in free cash flow. Excludes Simandou.

Well positioned for consumer-driven growth

Mid-to-late cycle demand trajectories

Indexed 2014

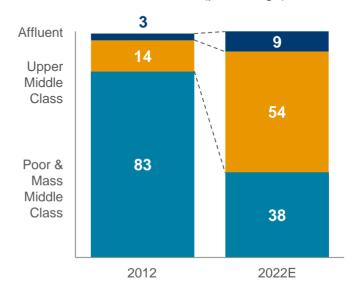


- Geared to demand growth in later stages of economic development
- Supported by increasing per capital incomes in emerging economies

Source: Rio Tinto estimates

Driven by consumption

Chinese urban households* (percentage)



- Expanding Chinese urban middle class fuelling consumer-driven growth
- Chinese urbanisation rates to increase from ~55% to ~65% by 2025

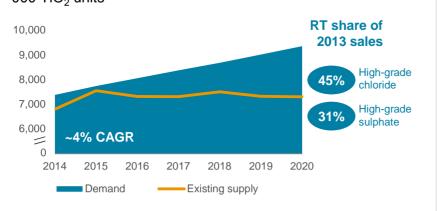
Source: McKinsey Insights China - Macroeconomic model update, April 2012; Rio Tinto estimates



^{*}Income classes by average annual household income.

Strong market position in attractive industries

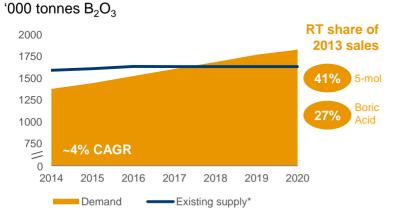
TiO₂ feedstock demand and supply '000 TiO₂ units



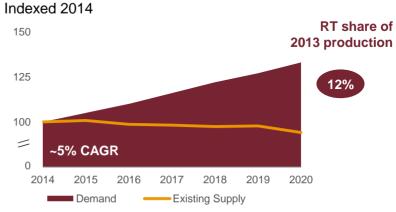
Zircon demand and supply '000 tonnes



Refined borates demand and supply



Diamond demand and supply



Note: Forecast CAGR figures are for demand growth over the period. Source: Rio Tinto estimates.



^{*}Assumes 85% capacity utilisation.

Maximising value through customer and market orientation





Fashion jewellery



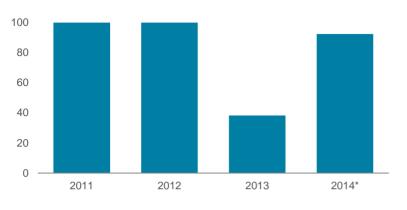
Technology Centre, Suzhou

- Global marketer with integrated mine-tomarket capabilities
- Value-based pricing
- Diversified geographic, customer and product mix
- Commercial excellence driven by market insight
- Creating new markets for our products e.g. fashion jewellery
- Creating new demand through developing new applications using our deep technical insights e.g. borates in wood preservation
- Track record of value creation e.g. pink diamonds tender

Demand-led operating philosophy

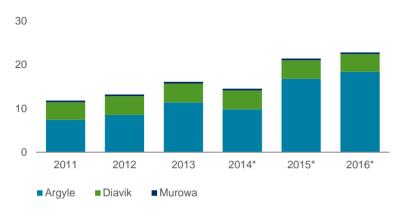
Zircon production

Indexed 2011



Diamond production

Million carats, Rio Tinto share



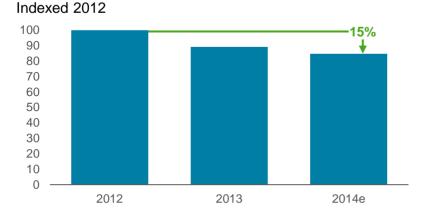
- · Aligning production to market demand
- 2014 TiO₂ feedstock production 20% below 2011 levels
 - Sorel Furnace 5 remains offline
 - Furnaces running to optimise peak power periods
 - Continue to flex UGS production
 - Temporary shut downs at Havre-Saint Pierre and QMM
- 2014 borates production back to 2011 level
- Diamonds business well positioned with Argyle production ramping-up

^{*}Forecast data



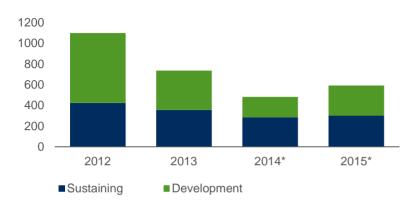
Cost and productivity improvements

Diamonds & Minerals cash operating costs



Diamonds & Minerals capital spend

US\$ million (100% basis and excluding Simandou)



^{*}forecast data. Development spend includes A21 and Zulti South.

- Improving productivity and reliability:
 - System and process optimisation
 - Consistent and controlled operating procedures
 - Working capital optimisation across the supply chain
 - LEAN implementation to ensure agility and flexibility
- Ongoing transformation and cost reduction programmes at all sites
- Reduced headcount by almost 2,000 since end of 2012
- Focussed capital programme with options to grow to market requirements
 - Zulti South (TiO₂)
 - Bunder (diamonds)
 - Jadar (lithium, borates)
 - TiO₂, Mozambique
 - Potash, Canada



Compelling project pipeline

Diamonds, Diavik A21

A21 will be Diavik's third dike and open pit



- Development of the fourth kimberlite pipe at Diavik, A21, approved
- Estimated cost of \$350 million over four years
- A21 diamond production planned for late 2018
- Provides an important source of incremental supply, ensuring the continuation of existing production levels

Titanium, Zulti South

An industry leading TiO₂ resource with valuable zircon and rutile co-products



- Feasibility study on track for a 2014 completion
- Maximises the use of installed smelting capacity
- Enables Richards Bay Minerals to sustain current production rates for the next two decades

Delivering Simandou feasibility study



- World-class, undeveloped high-grade iron ore deposit
- Ratified Investment Framework establishes a robust investment regime
 - Separated the mine and infrastructure
 - Third party infrastructure consortium to be established
- Feasibility study in progress

Extremely well positioned to continue delivering increased free cash flow

Mid-to-late cycle commodities driven by rising wealth and consumption

Reshaping industries in which we operate

Demand-led philosophy supported by a global customer and market oriented business model

Cost and productivity improvements will enhance structural position as demand returns and grows

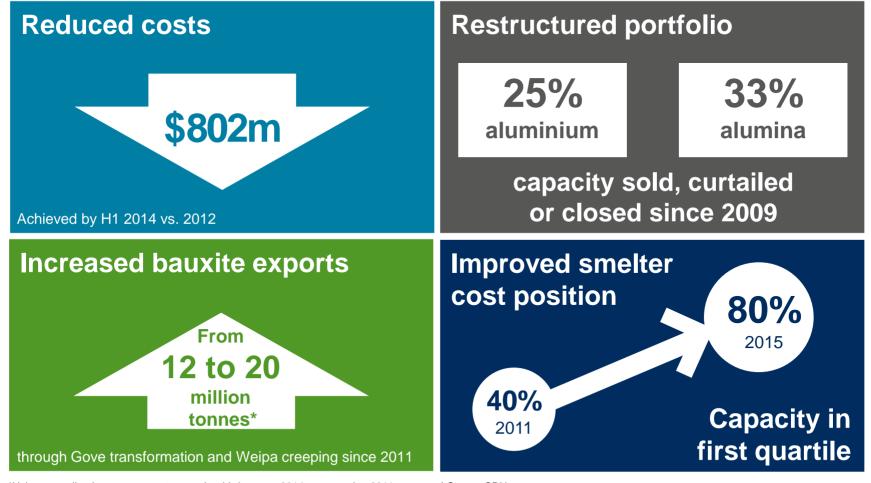
RioTinto

The world's best aluminium business

Alf Barrios, chief executive, Aluminium



We are transforming our business...



^{*}Using annualised average exports over the third quarter 2014 compared to 2011

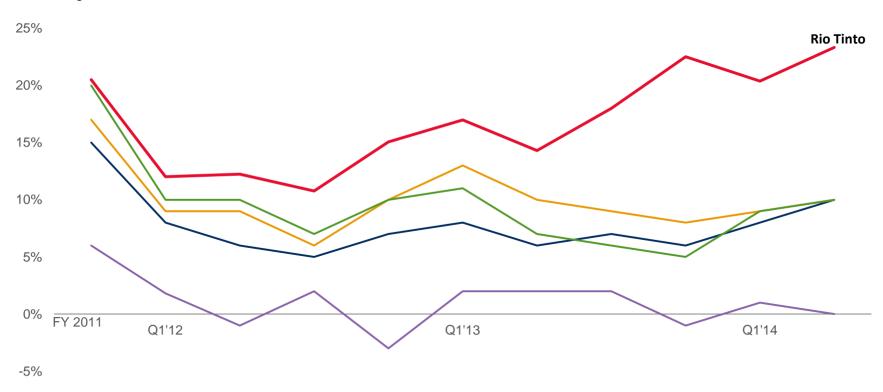
¹ Source:CRU



...and increasing our margins

EBITDA margin vs. peers

Percentage

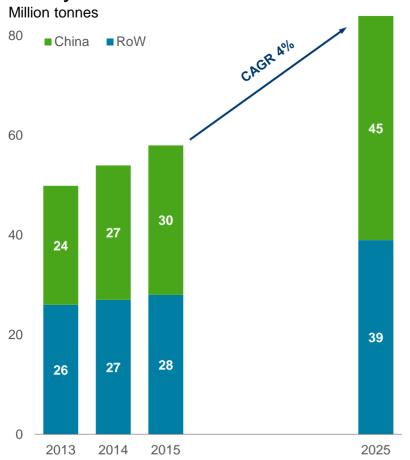


Note: Rio Tinto Alcan internal benchmarking for upstream businesses which includes adjustments to externally reported EBITDA for trading, procurement and marine to report performance on a comparable basis. Analysis excludes the Gove refinery.



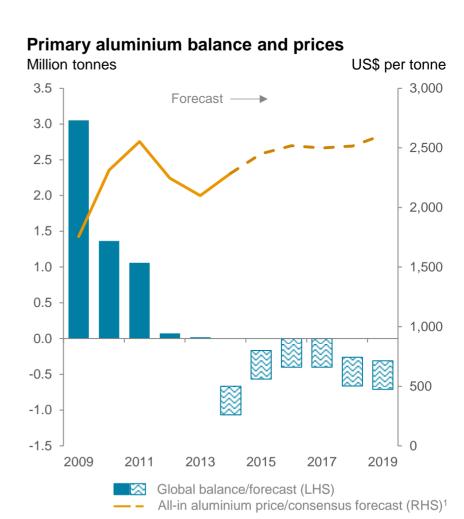
Well positioned to benefit from improving markets

Primary aluminium demand



Source: Rio Tinto and CRU estimates.





Source: Rio Tinto, CRU, Wood Mackenzie, Morgan Stanley, Northcoast, JP Morgan, Credit Suisse, Barclays, Harbour and others.
¹All-in aluminium price includes LME and regional premiums.

Clear focused strategy - bauxite and first quartile smelters are key pillars

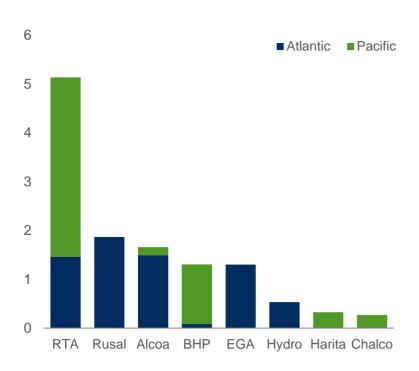
	Bauxite	First quartile smelters			
Competitive advantage	Industry-leading bauxite position	Low-cost, renewable energy portfolio			
Strategic focus	Market-paced growth	Cash generation			
Key enablers	Alumina supply and security Commercial excellence				
Strategic goal	Industry-leading performance through the cycle				



Leading bauxite position driving value-accretive growth

Leading bauxite position

Global bauxite resources (Billion tonnes)1



¹ Taken from published company data.

Unrivalled Tier 1 assets

- Largest bauxite position with interests in three of the world's major bauxite mines
- Well located to supply increasing demand in China and the Middle Fast

Market-paced growth

 Further growth options at Cape York, Guinea and Brazil

Capturing upstream value

 Bauxite business generating >50% FOB EBITDA margins²

Leveraging commercial capabilities

- Establishing Cape York bauxite as preferred product for Chinese imports
- Currently exporting ~20 million tonnes from Weipa and Gove into China



² Projected EBITDA margins at consensus prices for 2014-2019 on third party sales. All references to EBITDA margins are based on Rio Tinto's own production forecasts which may include production in future years from projects which are yet to be approved.

South of Embley project is a Tier 1 investment opportunity

Production:

Mining costs:

22.8mtpa

First quartile

(~12mtpa replaces Weipa tonnes)

Expansion:

Ownership:

Options to 50mtpa

100% Rio Tinto

First

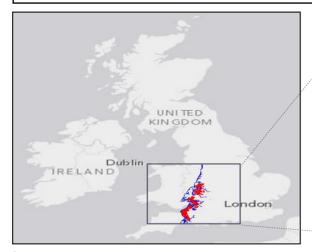
10070 IXIO TIIILO

Production:

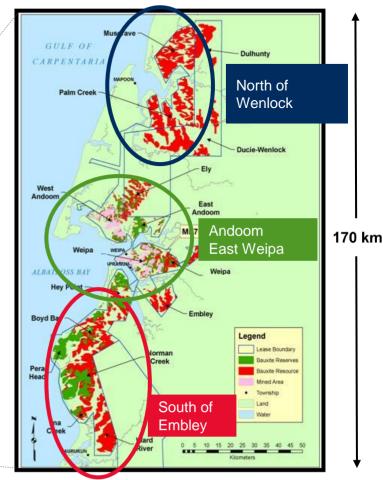
Scope:

2018

Mine, port, infrastructure



Reserves and resources as taken from Rio Tinto's 2013 Annual Report dated 5 March 2014 and released to ASX on 14 March 2014. The Competent Persons responsible for that previous reporting were L McAndrew AusIMM (Reserves) and J Bower AusIMM (Resources). Rio Tinto is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects these reserve or resource estimates, and confirms that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates continue to apply and have not materially changed. The form and context in which the competent persons' findings are presented have not been materially modified. Mineral resources are reported exclusive of ore reserves.
Note: Project still subject to completion of final Feasibility Study.

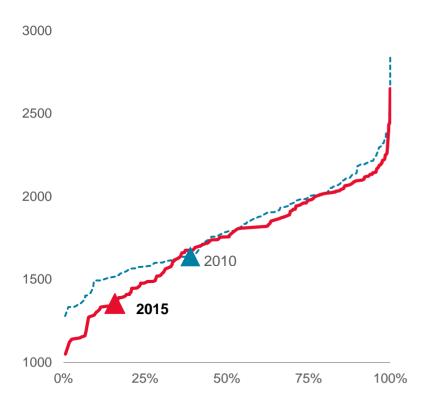


Cape York Bauxite
1.5 billion tonnes Ore Reserves¹
2.0 billion tonnes Mineral Resources¹

Low-cost smelting business driving cash generation

Aluminium cost curves

Operating cost (US\$ per tonne)



Source: CRU. Note: 2015 data excludes Alucam and Soral as both are being divested.

Post completion of the Kitimat modernisation project due to complete at the end of H1 2015.

RioTinto

Most modern, low-cost assets in industry

- 80% in first cost quartile on aluminium cost curve¹
- ~50% of power needs from selfgenerated, low-cost, long-life hydro assets
- ~80% of power used from low carbon sources
- Kitimat on track for commissioning in H1 2015

Relentless focus on cash generation and sector-leading margins through the cycle

- Driving operational excellence through cost and productivity improvements
- Technology position supporting low capital/ high return creep
- Leveraging commercial capabilities for further value creation
- Future growth optionality through low-cost hydro power in Canada
 ©2014, Rio Tinto, All Rights Reserved

The world's best aluminium business

Tier 1 assets in bauxite and smelting

Well positioned to capitalise on improving market outlook

Clear focused strategy for each business

Market-paced bauxite growth

Driving cash generation from smelting business

Balanced alumina position providing competitive security of supply

Delivering industry-leading performance through the cycle

Building the world's best mining company

Free

cash flow

generation

Capital

allocation

discipline

World-class

portfolio

Sustainable

shareholder

returns

Balance

sheet

strength

Quality

arowth

Operating

and

commercial

excellence

Relentless focus on cost and productivity underpins our robust free cash flow generation capacity – supporting our progressive dividend and materially increased shareholder returns

Capex reductions, focus on capital efficiency and our disciplined capital allocation framework work together to maximise shareholder value

Our robust and deleveraged balance sheet is a key competitive advantage - providing significant strength and embedded flexibility

The world's best Iron Ore and Aluminium businesses. A leading Copper business, transformed Energy business and world-class Diamonds & Minerals portfolio

A strategically and financially compelling project pipeline supports our near-term growth and provides longer-term optionality

A focus on safety, technology, innovation and commercial excellence generates significant and tangible shareholder value

4 December 2014 London

RioTinto

Appendices

Consensus price deck

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Aluminium (LME + Regional premium) (US\$/t)	2,286	2,451	2,518	2,499	2,515	2,608
Coking coal (Prime hard coking coal FOB) (US\$/t)	116	131	142	148	158	174
Copper (LME grade) (US¢/lb)	313	308	314	336	346	347
Iron ore (62% Fe fines FOB WA) (US\$/t)	91	76	73	74	79	82
Thermal coal (Newcastle FOB) (US\$/t)	76	76	81	85	95	100
AUD/USD	0.91	0.89	0.90	0.89	0.89	0.87
CAD/USD	0.91	0.88	0.89	0.89	0.90	0.90



Modelling earnings

Earnings sensitivity	2014 first half average price/ rate	10% change in 2014 average	Impact on 2014 full year underlying earnings (\$m)
Copper	312c/lb	+/-31c/lb	322
Aluminium	\$1,753/t	+/-\$175/t	444
Gold	\$1,290/oz	+/-\$129/oz	51
Iron ore (62% Fe FOB)	\$103/t	+/-\$10/t	1,215*
Coking coal (benchmark)	\$132/t	+/-\$13/t	90
Thermal coal (average spot)	\$76/t	+/-\$8/t	121
A\$	91USc	+/-US9.1c	515
C\$	91USc	+/-US9.1c	251
Oil	\$109/bbl	+/-\$10.9/bbl	110

Note: The sensitivities give the estimated effect on underlying earnings assuming that each individual price or exchange rate moved in isolation. The relationship between currencies and commodity prices is a complex one and movements in exchange rates can affect movements in commodity prices and vice versa. The exchange rate sensitivities include the effect on operating costs but exclude the effect of revaluation of foreign currency working capital.

* As a result of the introduction of the MRRT in Australia the upside and downside impact of a 10% change in the iron ore price is no longer necessarily the same.